## Knowledge



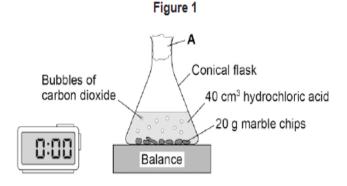
- 1. 23
- 2. Add the mass numbers of all the atoms in a compound together
- 3. 16 101
- 4. It stays the same
- 5. Solid, liquid, gas, aqueous solution
- 6. 1000
- 7. Concentration = Mass/Volume

## Application

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1a)111
1b) 36% - (40/111 x 100)
1c) 36/100 x 50 = <u>18g</u>
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- 2. That no atoms are made or destroyed during a chemical reaction mass remains the same
- 3. If a gas is given off or something reacts with a gas in the air (usually oxygen)
- 4. The mass of a substance dissolved in a certain volume of liquid
- 5.300-168 = 132g

6.



- a)  $CaCO_{3(s)} + 2 HCI_{(aq)} \rightarrow CaCI_{2(aq)} + H_2O_{(1)} + CO_{2(g)}$
- b) In equation
- c) Stops acid spraying out of the flask (NOT the gases)
- d) Uncertainty = range /2 range 8.6-8.2 = 0.4 0.4/2 = 0.2So uncertainty = 8.4g +/- 0.2g

7. Concentration = mass/volume volume = 200/1000 - 0.235/0.2 $175g/dm^3$